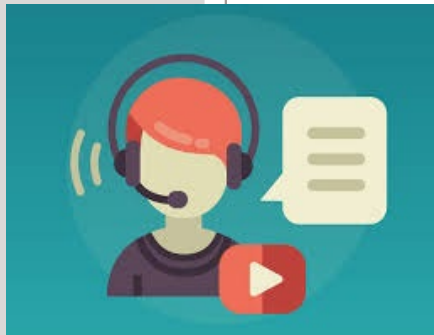

ITUP POLICY FORUMS

Health Information Exchange in a Post-COVID-19 Health System



March 25, 2021

Welcome to the Webinar!



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MUTED

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Talking: Liz Davis

Questions

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Join audio:

- Choose **Mic & Speakers** to use VoIP
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Submit questions and comments at any time via the Questions panel

Reminder: Today's presentation is being recorded and will be available within 48 hours.

ITUP Mission / Vision



Mission

ITUP's mission is to promote innovative and workable policy solutions that expand health care access and improve the health of all Californians. ITUP implements its mission through policy-focused research and broad-based stakeholder engagement.

Vision

ITUP believes that all Californians should have a fair opportunity to live their healthiest lives.

ITUP Seeks a Health Care System that is:

Universal – All Californians are eligible for comprehensive health coverage and services, including primary, specialty, behavioral, oral, and vision health services, as well as services that address the social determinants of health.

Equitable – All Californians receive health care coverage, treatment, and services that address the social determinants of health regardless of health status, age, ability, income, language, race, ethnicity, gender identity, sexual orientation, immigration status, and geographic region.

Accessible – All Californians have access to coverage options and services that are available, timely, and appropriate.

Effective – Health, health care, and related services that address the social determinants of health are person-centered, value-based, coordinated, and high-quality.

Affordable – Coverage and services are affordable for consumers at the point of purchase and care; and, at the health system level for public and private purchasers.

Who We Are

- **25-year-old, independent 501(c)(3) health policy organization**
- **Each year, ITUP:**
 - Hosts an annual conference
 - Hosts online 360-degree Policy Forums and Webinars
(thanks for being with us today!)
 - Runs a dozen policy and regional workgroups across the state from San Diego to Humboldt Counties
 - Produces 10 state and regional Health Coverage Fact Sheets
 - Publishes in-depth issue briefs and high-level health policy fact sheets
- **We have 3 KEY FOCUS areas:**
 - Coverage and Access
 - Delivery System Transformation
 - The Future of Health



ITUP POLICY FORUMS

Health Information Exchange in a Post-COVID-19 Health System

March 25, 2021
12:00 – 2:00 p.m.

<https://register.gotowebinar.com/register/178017943016193295>

AGENDA	
12:00 – 12:10 p.m.	Welcome and Introductions
12:10 – 1:00 p.m. <i>Includes Q&A after each presenter</i>	State Level Perspectives in Advancing Meaningful Health Information Exchange (HIE) Marko Mijic , Deputy Secretary of Program and Fiscal Affairs, California Health and Human Services Agency Assemblymember Jim Wood, DDS , Chair of the Assembly Committee on Health
1:00 – 1:50 p.m. <i>Includes Q&A</i>	National Perspectives: HIE Lessons Learned Dawn Gallagher, JD , Senior Consultant, HealthTech Solutions Erin Holve, PhD, MPH, MPP , Director of Health Care Reform and Innovation Administration, Department of Health Care Finance (DC Medicaid)
1:50 a.m. – 2:00 p.m.	Takeaways and Wrap Up
2:00 p.m.	Adjourn

Today's Agenda

A grayscale photograph of a stethoscope resting on a laptop keyboard. The stethoscope is positioned diagonally across the frame, with its chest piece on the left and its earpieces extending towards the bottom right. The keyboard keys are visible in the background, and the overall image has a dark, muted color palette. A solid purple vertical bar is located on the far left edge of the image.

State Level Perspectives in Advancing Meaningful Health Information Exchange (HIE)



Marko Mijic, MPP

*Deputy Secretary, Program and
Fiscal Affairs, California Health and
Human Services Agency*

Questions?





Assemblymember
Jim Wood, DDS
D – Santa Rosa

Questions?



National Perspectives: HIE Lessons Learned

Dawn Gallagher, JD

Senior Consultant, HealthTech Solutions

Erin Holve, PhD, MPH, MPP

Director of Health Care Reform and Innovation

Administration, Department of Health Care Finance
(DC Medicaid)

Health Information Exchange (HIE)

How'd they do that?

Now it's time for California ...

Insure The Uninsured Project (ITUP)

Presentation March 25, 2021



Agenda

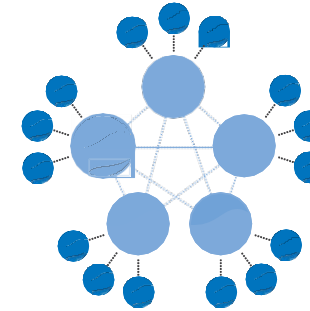
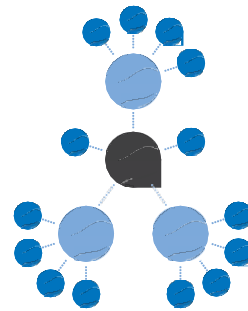
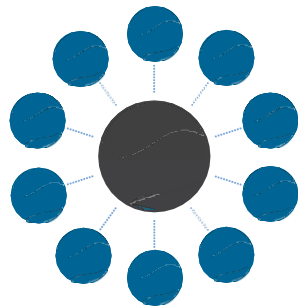
How'd they do that?
Four HIE Success Stories

Know your audience
Use-Case Solutions

Their Framework?
It's all about the relationships

Oh, and of course, the money.

3 Types of HIE Data Models



Centralized data storage & management

Pros:

- One privacy consent approach
- Less expensive to maintain
- Rich set consolidated data

Challenges:

- Difficult to standardize data
- More difficult to scale-up
- Requires greater trust of users

Network-of-Networks & Central Hub

Pros:

- Less standardization needed
- Leverage existing investments for buy in
- Central Hub can be pass-through to avoid control concerns

Challenges:

- More costly to sustain multiple platforms

Decentralized w/ user agreement

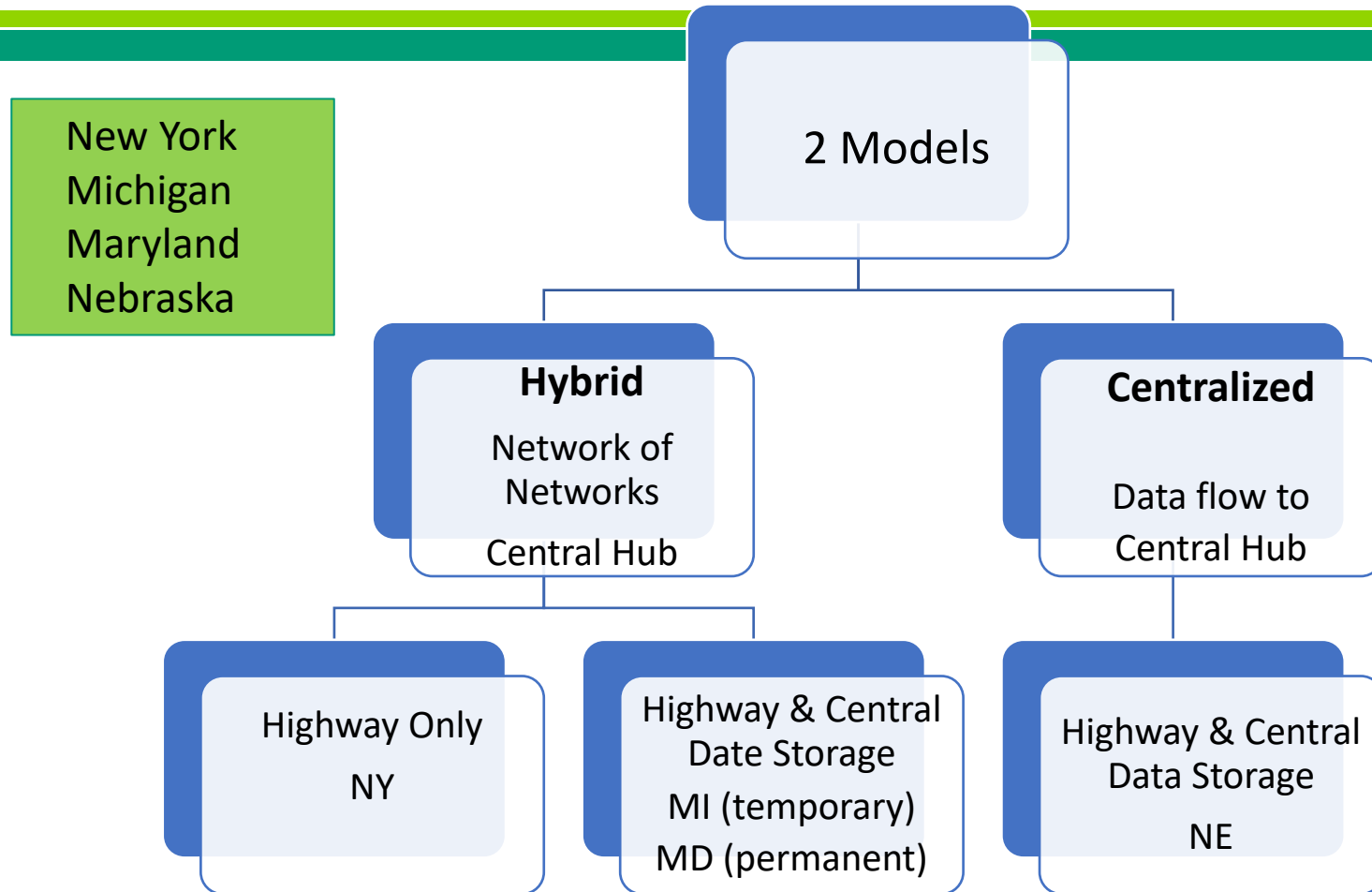
Pros:

- Minimizes privacy issues
- Leverages existing investments

Challenges:

- More expensive to share data
- Relies on voluntary compliance
- Generally not statewide
- No formal accountability to state
- Current CA regional model

Models of the 4 State Statewide HIEs



Use Cases Build Trust & Drive Expansion

- All four developed use cases incrementally with stakeholder input
- Began with 2-3 everyone agreed needed statewide data
 - ❖ Hospital ADTs
 - ❖ Immunizations
 - ❖ Lab Reporting
 - ❖ Master Patient Index
- Use cases for COVID-19 response
 - ❖ Connect test centers to Public Health Authority (PHA)
 - ❖ Track tests & vaccines
 - ❖ Notify providers of positive results
 - ❖ Gather & send demographic information to PHA to target assistance
 - ❖ Get hospital PPE inventory & send to PHA
 - ❖ Use Hospital ADTs to find available beds

Building Sustainability

➤ Lessons from the four states:

- ❖ Consider Medicaid & Payer pools shared by HIE users
- ❖ Provide incentives to participate & use “sticks” if needed
- ❖ Recognize use cases must drive expansion
- ❖ Charge minimum fees for using & core services
- ❖ Charge higher fees for value-added use cases
- ❖ Take full advantage of federal funding

COVID Relief Act (2021 Budget Bill) Provides HIE Funding Opportunities

❖ Office of National Coordinator (ONC) Interoperability Grants

- States apply for HIE projects

❖ Public Health (At least \$4 M per state for Substance Abuse treatment)

- Apply to develop HIE provider API to identify treatment providers & programs
- States must target populations & rural areas--requires statewide data to meet

❖ Broadband and Telehealth

- \$3.2 B for \$50 monthly subsidy for low-income
- \$300 M for rural broadband & \$65 M for mapping
- \$250 M for health provider broadband & telehealth equipment grants
 - States expand broadband; providers get grants, invest in EHRs, & connect to HIE

❖ All Payer Claims Database (APCD)

- \$2.5 M 3-year state grants to build & upgrade APCDs & expand data sets
 - States integrate APCD claims & HIE clinical data as use case solution

March 11, 2021 American Rescue Plan Act

❖ Federal Communications' Commission

- \$7 billion for E-rate program for schools & libraries to connect students, teachers, & library patrons (Broadband subsidies up to 90%)

❖ Public Health

- Funding for transportation to and from vaccine sites
- Education on the effectiveness of vaccines
- Funding for testing and vaccines
- Public Warning Systems
- Workforce & contact tracers
- FQHCs—vaccines, equipment, & community outreach
- *\$100 M providing primary health services via state grants (10% admin)*
- *Teaching education centers*
- *\$3 B for block grants for Mental Health and Substance Abuse*
- *\$50 M for community based mental health, care coordination, including telehealth*
- *\$420 M for certified community behavioral health*
- *\$20 M for modernization health insurance exchange*

Leverage Ongoing Federal Funding & Grant Opportunities

- ❖ Federal Communications' Commission
 - FCC Rural Digital Opportunity Fund auction

- ❖ US Department of Agriculture
 - \$700 M ReConnect program--facilitate rural broadband

- ❖ US Dept. of Commerce – Economic Development Admin.
 - \$200 M Public Works & Economic Adjustment Assistance programs

CMS Ongoing Funding for Projects Benefiting Medicaid Population

❖ **90% for Five-Year State Health Information Technology Plan**

- CMS pays 90% of stakeholder process & developing Roadmap (Plan due to CMS March 2022)

❖ **50% - 90% Federal Medicaid Funding**

- Administration Expenses
- Project Planning & Implementation
- Ongoing Maintenance & Operations

New Federal Rules Create State Mandates

❖ Payers & Medicaid by 7/1/21

- Patients: Easy access to records & providers via device of choice
- Previous payers must provide records to new payers (No Blocking)

❖ Hospitals by 5/5/21

- All hospitals send Admissions, Discharge, & Transfers to care team

❖ State Medicaid agencies have “authorized” PDMP by 10/1/21

- States must mandate checks before issuing opioid drugs

❖ **HIES CAN HELP** (Cheaper than standalone systems & users have access)

- ✓ Patient Access (API)
- ✓ Send ADTs
- ✓ Integrate PDMP & HIE

Achieving Success



<https://healthtechsolutions.com>

Dawn R. Gallagher, Esq.

207.623.4524

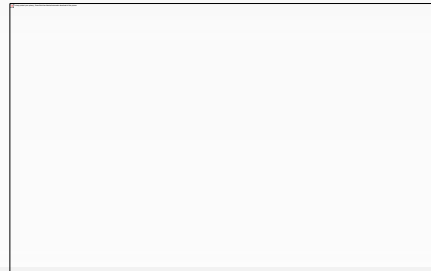
Dawn.Gallagher@HealthTechSolutions.com



The DC Health Information Exchange: a Health Data Utility for the District of Columbia



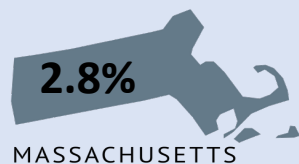
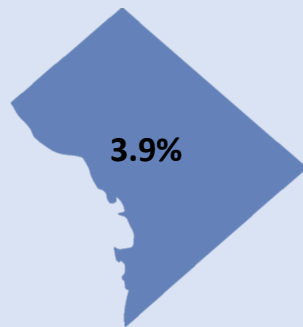
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Medicaid Provides Coverage to 40% of District Residents – Near Universal Coverage

Near universal coverage

DC has the second lowest uninsured rate



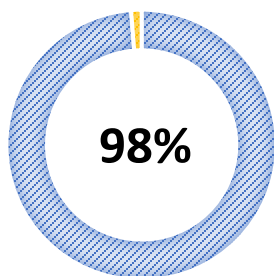
DHCF covers more than 296,000 people

As of January 2021, more than **273,000** in **Medicaid**; among those not eligible for Medicaid, 22,500 in the **DC Healthcare Alliance** and in the **Immigrant Children’s Program**

4 out of 10 District residents



7 out of 10 children



Of all eligible DC children are enrolled in Medicaid (highest rate in the US)

Health challenges remain despite strong coverage

12th in the nation

For 911 call-volume in the country

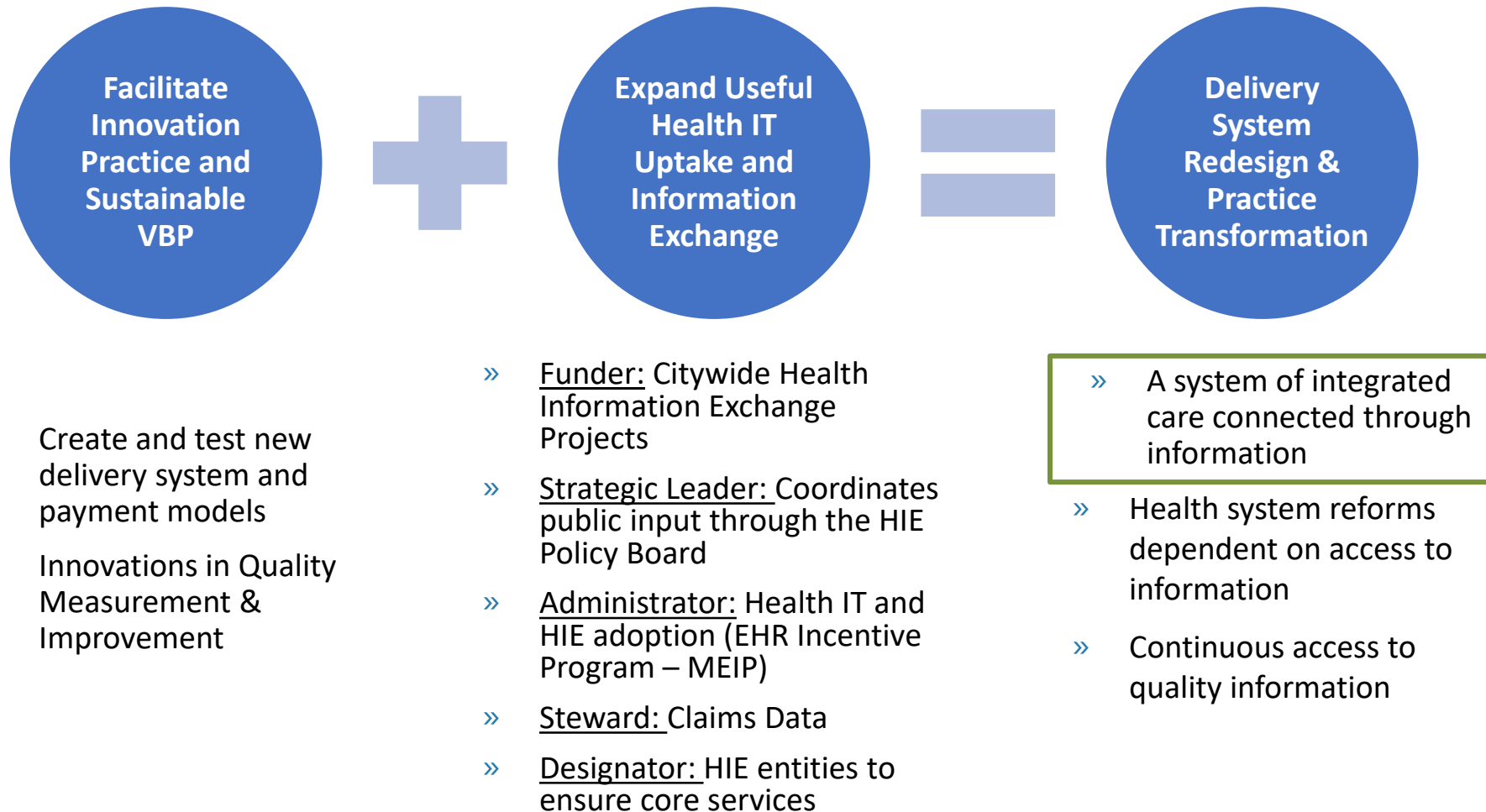


10%

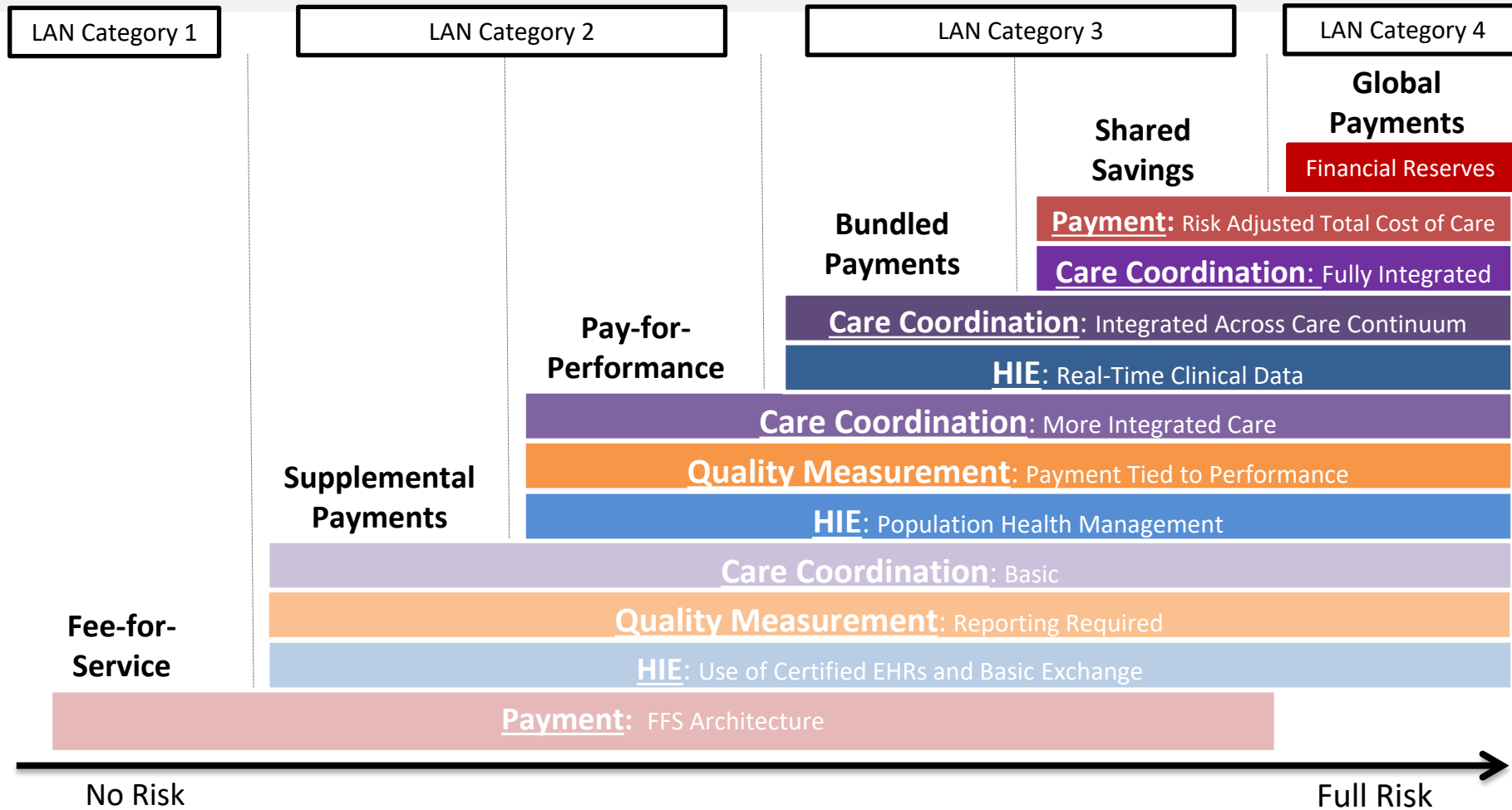
Residents report delaying care due to not being able to get an appointment soon enough

• **Source:** U.S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey 1-year estimates; DHCF Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS) data extracted in March 2020; Haley et al., “Improvements in Uninsurance and Medicaid/CHIP Participation among Children and Parents Stalled in 2017,” May 2019.

DC Medicaid' Health Care Reform and Innovation Program Aligns System Redesign & Technology

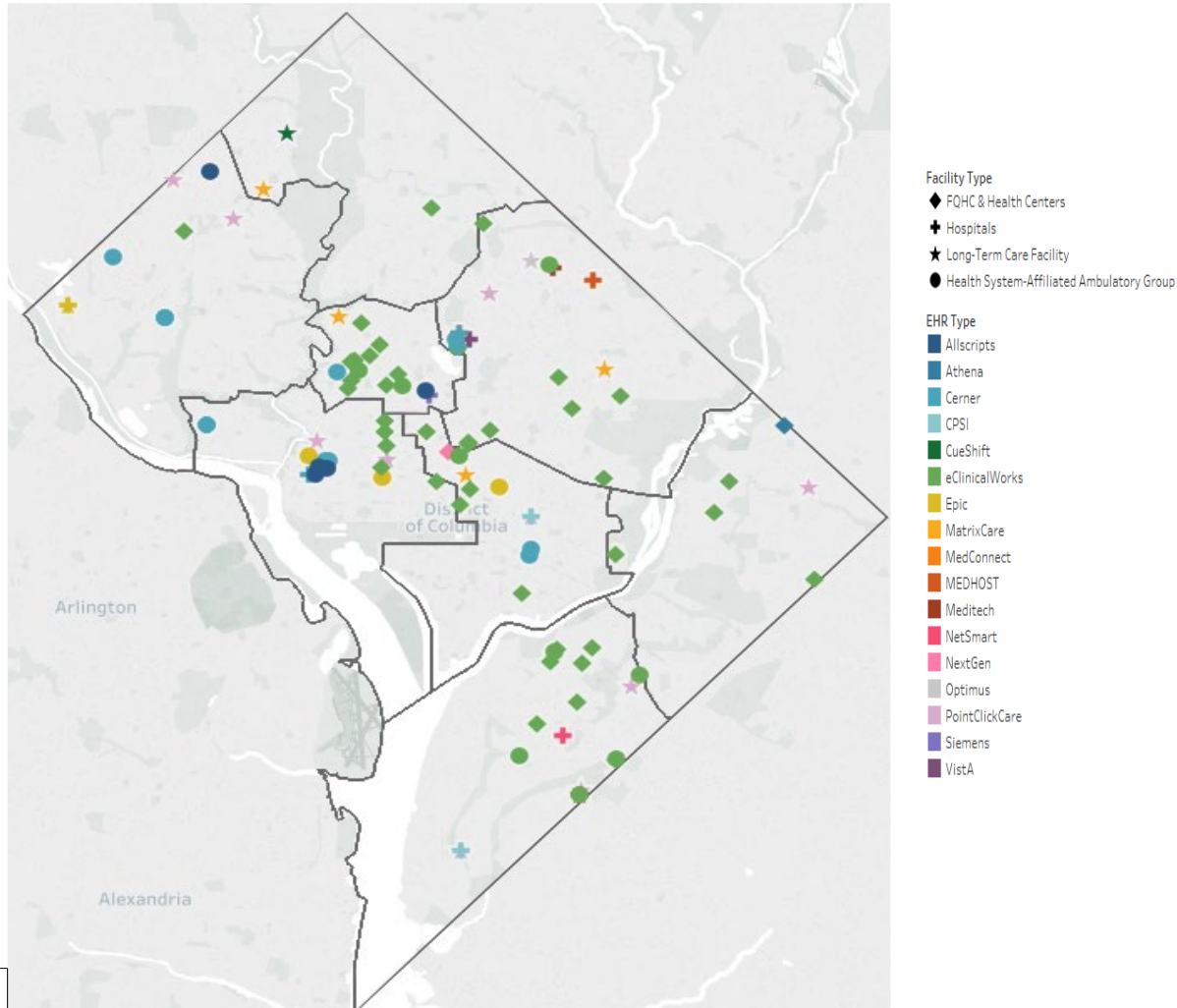


Aligning Value-Based Models with Health Information



* Alternative Payment Model (APM) categories are based on the [2017 Update to the Health Care Payment Learning and Action Network Framework](https://www.springer.com/us/book/9783319969046). (LAN). In essence, category 1 is fee for service (FFS) with no link to quality; category 2 is FFS with a link to quality such as pay for reporting or a bonus payment for quality outcomes; category 3 is an an APM built on a fee for service architecture (e.g. shared savings, or shared savings with downside risk; and category 4 is population-based payment for populations or conditions.

Creating a Digital Network to Connect a Disconnected System of Care



***While 89% of District providers have technology to enable health information exchange there is no dominant EMR, suggesting HIE is important to resolve current challenges:**

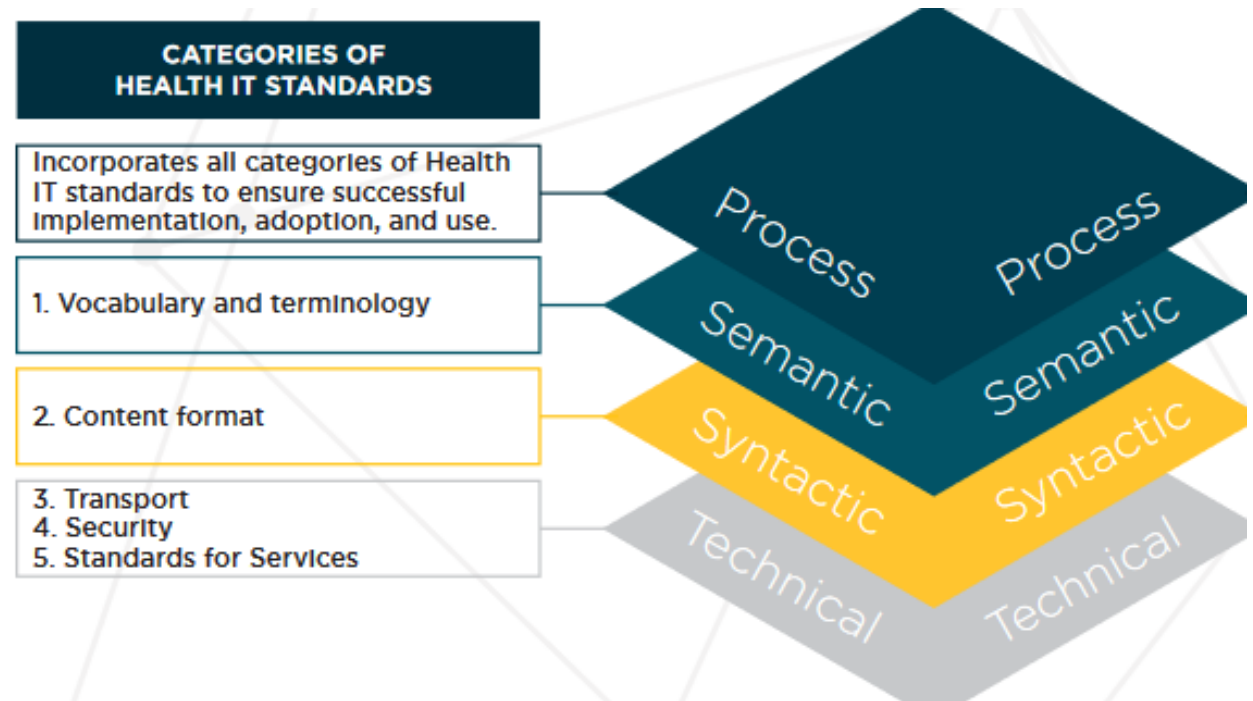
...connecting patients with their providers

...ensuring providers communicate and refer to other providers electronically

...reduce the time payers spend chasing medical records using fax and phone

Technology is No Longer the Primary Barrier to Interoperability; Process and Policy are Key

- Technical
- Syntactic
- Semantic
- Process/Policy
 - Payment Models
 - Federal Rulemaking (HHS, CMS, ONC)
 - Local Rulemaking
 - Workflow/Practice/Consent



DC HIE A Marketplace for Information

The DC HIE Rule (Chapter 87 District of Columbia Health Information Exchange of Title 29 (Public Welfare) of the District of Columbia Municipal Regulations) formalizes partnerships to facilitate more cooperation between DHCF and HIE entities.

District Registered HIE Entities



- Is a HIE entity that **meets or exceeds privacy, security, and access requirements** for health information exchange.
- Receives **key opportunities** to engage in discussions with other DC HIE entities.
- The District Registered HIE Entity status is awarded for a term of **three (3) years**.

The DC HIE Registration Application is accepted on a rolling basis

District Designated HIE Entity



- Is a District Registered HIE Entity that **meets or exceeds the consumer education and auditing requirements** in the DC HIE Rule.
- Is a key partner to DHCF, the District Designated HIE Entity **supports the ongoing maintenance and operation of the DC HIE infrastructure or services**.
- The District Designated HIE Entity status is awarded for a term of **five (5) years**.

The DC HIE Designation memorandum of agreement was signed April 13, 2020.

The DC HIE is a Health Data Utility with Six Core Capabilities for Providers

Critical Infrastructure (e.g. Encounters and Alerts)



ADT Alerts



Health Records



Patient Snapshot



Image Exchange

Advanced Analytics for Population Health Management



CRISP Reporting Services

Performance Dashboards

Phase I:

- Pay for Performance

Phase II:

- Maternal health
- Behavioral Health

Registry and Inventory



Care Management Registry

Community Resource Inventory

Simple and Secure Messaging



Provider Directory

>31,000 contacts from 251 organizations

Includes data from: -12 national sources
- 20 DC/Local Data sources

Consent to Share Data



Consent to Share SUD DATA

- 42 CFR Part 2 Data (Phase I)
- Other types of consent (Phase II)

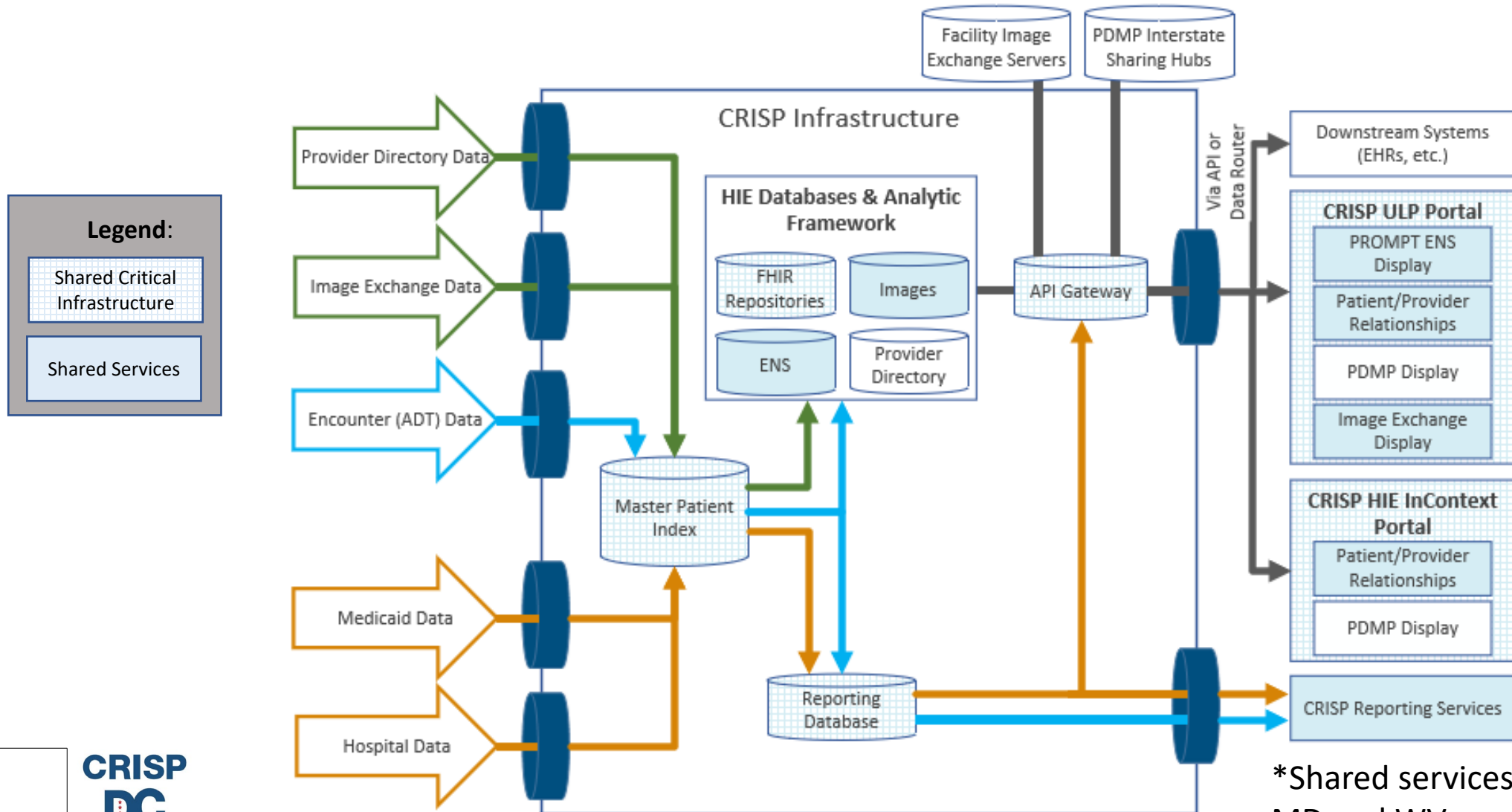
Screening and Referral (e.g., SDOH)



eReferral Screening

- Mapped screening data for housing and food insecurity
- eReferral
- Analytics for follow-up

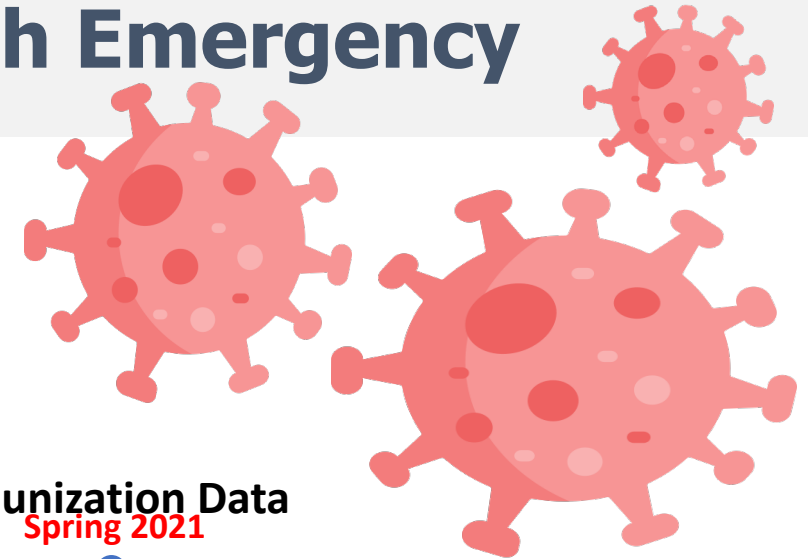
The DC HIE's Technical System for Core Services is a Highly Scalable and Robust *Regional System**



*Shared services with MD and WV

The DC HIE Demonstrated Adaptability and Regional Value During the Public Health Emergency

*During the COVID-19 pandemic, the **DC HIE** demonstrated the ability to adapt quickly to support DC Health, providers, and payers.*



Lab Results Spring 2020

- DC Health provides +/- case files to CRISP DC.
- Care teams receive notification on their patient's +/- results.
- First responders receive notification if a + case occurs subsequent to transport
- Provides Hospital Volume Reporting to the DC Hospital Association to help their members understand capacity on a day-to-day basis
- CRISP DC helps DC Health complete case reporting with race/ethnicity data, and supports contact tracing efforts

Immunization Data Spring 2021

- DC Health provides daily immunization files to CRISP DC and CRISP provides supplemental race/ethnicity data back to DC Health.
- Providers and payers can track and document vaccine outreach via the Vaccine Data Service
- Vaccine Data Service allows patient panel view of received vaccine doses
- Analytics tool provides statistics on vaccination summary via age, race/ethnicity, wards, etc.



Questions?





Thank You!

Contact us at: info@ITUP.org